## Standard report for Vivax Malaria

WWARN Vivax Primaquine Study Group

For further information go to https://www.iddo.org/wwarn/vivax-reports 08 May, 2025

## Introduction

This report has been produced for countries: Brazil

The studies included within this report are shown in Table 0.

Table 0: Studies included in this report

Author-year	Country	Recruitment Period	Age range (years)	Follow up (days)	Included treatment arms*	PQ supervison	Patients avail- able
Chamma-Siqueira- 2022	Brazil	NA	17.7	168	Cq_Pq_3.5_7d_D17_	obFully supervised	1
Llanos-Cuentas-2019	Brazil	2015 - 2017	19 - 74	180	Cq_Pq_3.5_14d_D1	<50% supervised	23
Lacerda-2019	Brazil	2013 - 2016	17 - 71	180	Cq, Cq_Pq_3.5_14d_D1	<50% supervised	105
Ladeia-Andrade-2019	Brazil	2014 - 2015	7 - 60	180	Cq_Pq_3.5_7d_D0	Fully supervised	94
Llanos-Cuentas-2014	Brazil	2011 - 2013	23 - 58	180	Cq_Pq_3.5_14d_D1, Cq	<50% supervised	12
Daher-2018	Brazil	2012 - 2015	18.4 - 65.8	63	AsMf_Pq_3.5_7- 9d_D0, Cq_Pq_3.5_7- 9d_D0, AL_Pq_3.5_7- 9d_D0	<50% supervised	264
de Sena-2019	Brazil	NA	2 - 14	42	Cq_Pq_3.5_7d_D0	<50% supervised	113
Siqueira- unpublished2024	Brazil	NA	9 - 84	180	Cq_Pq_7.0_14d_D0, DP_Pq_7.0_14d_D0, Cq_Pq_7.0_14d_D42	Unsupervised	224
Pereira-2016	Brazil	2013 - 2014	19 - 68	28	Cq_Pq_4.0_8d_D0, Cq_Pq_4.5_9d_D0, Cq_Pq_3.5_7d_D0	<50% supervised	86

<sup>\*</sup> ACT – artemisinin-based combination treatment; As – artesunate; AL – artemether-lumefantrine; Aq – amodiaquine; Cq – chloroquine; DP – dihydroartemisinin-piperaquine; GI – gastrointestinal; Mf – mefloquine; PQ/Pq – primaquine; SP – sulfadoxine-pyrimethamine;

Treatment code describes (schizontocidal drug)(hypnozoitocidal drug)(total primaquine dose)(duration of primaquine treatment eg 14d = 14 days)(primaquine start day)

#### 1: EFFICACY

#### 1.1: Description

The efficacy study was undertaken to better understand the impact of primaquine dose on the prevention of P. vivax recurrences. Inclusion in the efficacy meta-analysis was restricted to studies with 42 days or more follow up and patients with data on day 0 parasitaemia.

In this report the efficacy study includes 836 patients across 10 study sites, from 8 studies.

### 1.2: Characteristics of Study Population

Table 1\_eff: Characteristics of the study population for the efficacy study analysis, categorised by total primaquine category

		Primaquine (PQ) Treatment				
	No primaquine (N=58)	Very low dose total primaquine (<2 mg/kg)(N=15)	Low dose total primaquine (2 - <5 mg/kg)(N=588)	High dose total primaquine $(>=5$ mg/kg)(N=175)	Total (N=836	
Age (years)						
Mean (SD)	37 (14)	33 (14)	32 (17)	41 (17)	34 (17)	
Age Category						
<5	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	29 (5%)	4(2%)	33 (4%)	
5-<15	0 (0%)	2 (13%)	101 (17%)	6 (3%)	109 (13%)	
>=15	58 (100%)	13 (87%)	458 (78%)	165 (94%)	694 (83%)	
Gender	, ,	` /	,	, ,	` ,	
Male	46 (79%)	12 (80%)	421 (72%)	106 (61%)	585 (70%)	
Female	12 (21%)	3 (20%)	167 (28%)	69 (39%)	251 (30%)	
Weight (kg)	` ,	` ′	, ,	,	` ′	
Mean (SD)	71 (12)	80 (23)	63 (22)	66 (14)	65 (20)	
Malnutrition	0 (004)	0 (004)	20 (704)	0 (101)	04 (404)	
No	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	29 (5%)	2 (1%)	31 (4%)	
Yes	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (1%)	2 (0%)	
Missing	58 (100%)	15 (100%)	559 (95.1%)	171 (97.7%)	803 (96.1%)	
Fever day 0						
No	2 (3%)	3 (20%)	54 (9%)	1 (1%)	60 (7%)	
Yes	56 (97%)	12 (80%)	270 (46%)	174 (99%)	512 (61%)	
Missing	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	264 (44.9%)	0 (0%)	264 (31.6%)	
P. vivax baseline parasitaemia						
Median (IQR)	5411 [1683, 10094]	2698 [792, 3913]	2632 [1140, 4755]	4046 [1740, 6495]	2980 [1200, 5363]	
Haemoglobin day 0 (g/dL)	-					
Mean (SD)	13 (1.4)	14 (1.7)	13 (1.9)	14 (1.8)	13 (1.8)	
Missing	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.2%)	0 (0%)	1~(0.1%)	
PQ daily dose (mg/kg)						
Mean (SD)		1.1 (0.48)	3.3 (0.51)	6.4 (1.3)	4.0 (1.5)	
Missing		0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0(0%)	
Duration of PQ treatment		- ()	- ()	- ()	-()	
7 days		2 (13%)	464 (79%)	6 (3%)	472 (61%)	
14 days		13 (87%)	123 (21%)	169 (97%)	305 (39%)	
Missing		0 (0%)	1 (0.2%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.1%)	
Method to calculate PQ		0 (0%)	1 (0.270)	0 (0%)	1 (0.170)	
dose Per actual dose		14 (93%)	243 (41%)	173 (99%)	430 (55%)	
Per dosing protocol		14 (93%) 1 (7%)	243 (41%) 345 (59%)	2 (1%)	348 (45%)	
Missing		0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0(0%)	
MISSIIIR		0 (070)	0 (070)	0 (070)	0(070)	
Start day of PQ treatment						
Day 0		14 (93%)	506 (86%)	173 (99%)	693 (89%)	

	No primaquine (N=58)	Very low dose total primaquine (<2 mg/kg)(N=15)	Low dose total primaquine (2 - $<$ 5 mg/kg)(N=588)	High dose total primaquine $(>=5$ mg/kg)(N=175)	Total (N=836)
Day 1		1 (7%)	80 (14%)	0 (0%)	81 (10%)
Day 2		0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (1%)	1 (0%)
Day 3		0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Day 5		0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Day 6		0 (0%)	2 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (0%)
Missing		0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.6%)	1 (0.1%)
Level of PQ supervision					
Unsupervised		12 (80%)	43 (7%)	169 (97%)	224~(29%)
Partially supervised		3 (20%)	451 (77%)	5 (3%)	459 (59%)
Fully supervised		0 (0%)	94 (16%)	1 (1%)	95 (12%)
Missing		0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0(0%)
Was PQ taken with food?		,	, ,	, ,	` '
No		0 (0%)	93 (16%)	1 (1%)	94 (12%)
Yes		3 (20%)	187 (32%)	5 (3%)	195 (25%)
Recommended		0 (0%)	264 (45%)	0 (0%)	264 (34%)
Missing		12 (80.0%)	44 (7.5%)	169 (96.6%)	225 (28.9%)
Other treatment given					
AL	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	87 (15%)	0 (0%)	87 (10%)
AsAq	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
AsMf	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	89 (15%)	0 (0%)	89 (11%)
Cq	58 (100%)	10 (67%)	391 (66%)	90 (51%)	549 (66%)
DP	0 (0%)	5 (33%)	21 (4%)	85 (49%)	111 (13%)
Transmission intensity of the site					
Low	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Moderate	0 (0%)	2 (13%)	106 (18%)	5 (3%)	113 (14%)
High	58 (100%)	13 (87%)	482 (82%)	170 (97%)	723 (86%)
Not available	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Geographical region					
Africa	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Americas	58 (100%)	15 (100%)	588 (100%)	175 (100%)	836 (100%)
Asia-Pacific	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Relapse Peridocity	, ,	, ,	` '	` '	, ,
Low periodicity	58 (100%)	15 (100%)	588 (100%)	175 (100%)	836 (100%)
High periodicity	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
G6PD categories	, ,	, ,	` '	` '	, ,
(Qualitative test)					
<30%	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (0%)
>=30%	58 (100%)	1 (7%)	173 (29%)	1 (1%)	233~(28%)
Missing	0 (0%)	14 (93.3%)	413 (70.2%)	174 (99.4%)	601 (71.9%)
G6PD categories					
(Quantitative test)					
<30%	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (0%)
30-<70%	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
>=70%	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Missing	58 (100%)	15 (100%)	586 (99.7%)	175 (100%)	834 (99.8%)

#### 1.3: Risk of recurrence

Kaplan-Meier survival analysis was used to calculate risk of recurrence between day 7 and 365. Patients were left censored at day 7 and right censored at the first of: the day last reviewed, the last day prior to a 60-day blood smear gap or the last day of study follow up. Outcomes were stratified by primaquine treatment arm: no primaquine, low total dose primaquine (2 to <5 mg/kg) and high total dose primaquine ( $\ge 5$  mg/kg). Very low total dose primaquine ( $\ge 2$  mg/kg) was not presented due to low numbers of patients treated with this dose.

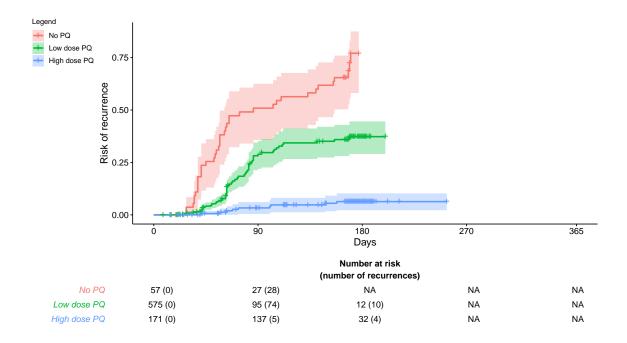


Figure 0\_eff: Kaplan-Meier figure of cumulative risk of recurrence between day 7 and day 365 for primaquine treatment category. Please interpret the results of this figure with caution as there may not always be paired treatment comparisons in the original studies contributing to these pooled results.

Cox regression analysis for the time to first vivax recurrence between day 7 and 180 was performed to determine the effect of primaquine dose. Analysis was restricted to patients treated with daily primaquine or no primaquine. Potential confounders including sex, age and baseline parasitaemia were adjusted for with shared frailty for study site.

Similar but separate multivariable Cox regression analyses were undertaken to investigate primaquine duration, also adjusting for total actual mg/kg dose, in i) patients treated with low total dose primaquine and ii) patients treated with high total dose primaquine.

Care should be taken when interpreting these results, as model assumptions have not been fully assessed in this automated report format.

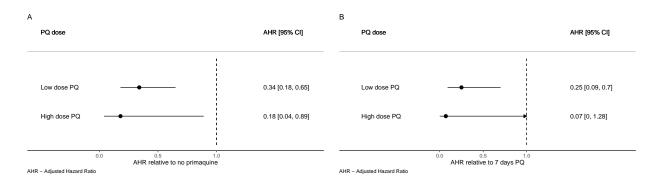


Figure 1\_eff: Hazard ratio between day 7 and day 180 for A: total dose of primaquine and B: 14-day vs 7-day primaquine duration, stratified by total dose of primaquine

#### 2: HAEMATOLOGY

#### 2.1: Description

Haematological safety is a key concern for clinicians and policymakers in the implementation of primaquine radical cure, due to the risk of haemolysis in patients with G6PD deficiency. This individual patient data meta-analysis was conducted to assess the evidence for adverse haematological outcomes related to primaquine dose, with consideration of patients G6PD status.

Inclusion in the haematological safety meta-analysis was restricted to studies with 28 days or more follow up, patients with data on day 0 parasitaemia, patients with available data on day 0 haemoglobin levels or haematocrit, patients with an available haemoglobin measurement on at least one more day during the follow-up period and patients with data on daily primaquine dose.

The haematology study included 233 patients across 5 study sites, from 4 studies.

#### 2.2 Characteristics of Study Population

Table 1\_saf: Characteristics of the study population for the safety study analysis, categorised by total primaquine category

		Primaquine	Treatment		
	No primaquine (N=58)	Low dose daily primaquine (<0.375 mg/kg/day) (N=82)	Intermediate dose daily primaquine (>= $0.375$ & < $0.75$ mg/kg/day) (N=89)	High dose daily primaquine (>= 0.75 mg/kg/day) (N=4)	Total ( <b>N=233</b> )
Age (years) Mean (SD)	37 (14)	39 (15)	26 (14)	12 (2.0)	33 (15)
<b>Age Category</b> <5 5-<15	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%) 21 (23.60%)	0 (0.00%) 3 (75.00%)	0 (0.00%) 24 (10.30%)
>=15 Gender	58 (100.00%)	82 (100.00%)	68~(76.40%)	1~(25.00%)	209 (89.70%)
Male Female Weight (kg)	46 (79.31%) 12 (20.69%)	61 (74.39%) 21 (25.61%)	58 (65.17%) 31 (34.83%)	2 (50.00%) 2 (50.00%)	167 (71.67%) 66 (28.33%)
Mean (SD)  Malnutrition	71 (12)	68 (13)	58 (15)	38 (1.5)	65 (15)
No Yes Missing	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 58 (100%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 82 (100%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 89 (100%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 4 (100%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 233 (100%)
Fever day 0 No Yes P. vivax baseline	2 (3.45%) 56 (96.55%)	6 (7.32%) 76 (92.68%)	3 (3.37%) 86 (96.63%)	0 (0.00%) 4 (100.00%)	11 (4.72%) 222 (95.28%)
<b>parasitaemia</b> Median (IQR)	5411 [1683, 10094]	3689 [1784, 8477]	2761 [1426, 3914]	3565 [2560, 6552]	3345 [1633, 7000]
Haemoglobin day 0 (g/dL) Mean (SD) PQ daily dose (mg/kg)	13 (1.4)	13 (1.7)	13 (1.8)	12 (0.33)	13 (1.7)
Mean (SD) Missing		$3.2 (0.58) \ 0 (0\%)$	$3.3 (0.47) \ 0 (0\%)$	3.4 (1.3) 0 (0%)	$3.3 (0.55) \ 0(0\%)$
Duration of PQ treatment Mean (SD) Missing Method to calculate PQ dose		14 (1.1) 0 (0%)	7.1 (0.74) 0 (0%)	7.0 (0) 0 (0%)	10 (3.5)

	No primaquine (N=58)	Low dose daily primaquine (<0.375 mg/kg/day) (N=82)	Intermediate dose daily primaquine (>= $0.375 \& < 0.75 $ mg/kg/day) (N=89)	High dose daily primaquine (>= $0.75$ mg/kg/day) (N=4)	Total ( <b>N=233</b> )
Per actual dose		2 (2.44%)	88 (98.88%)	4 (100.00%)	94 (53.71%)
Per dosing protocol Missing Start day of PQ treatment		80 (97.56%) 0 (0%)	1 (1.12%) 0 (0%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0%)	81 (46.29%) 0(0%)
Day 0 Day 1		2 (2.44%) 80 (97.56%)	88 (98.88%) 1 (1.12%)	4 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	94 (53.71%) 81 (46.29%)
Day 2 Day 3 Day 4 Day 5 Day 6		0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%)
Level of PQ supervision Unsupervised Partially supervised Fully supervised Was PQ taken with food?		0 (0.00%) 80 (97.56%) 2 (2.44%)	0 (0.00%) 1 (1.12%) 88 (98.88%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 4 (100.00%)	0 (0.00%) 81 (46.29%) 94 (53.71%)
No Yes Recommended Other treatment given AL	0 (0.00%)	2 (2.44%) 80 (97.56%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%)	88 (98.88%) 1 (1.12%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%)	4 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%)	94 (53.71%) 81 (46.29%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%)
AsAq Cq DP Transmission intensity of the site	0 (0.00%) 58 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%) 82 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%) 89 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%) 4 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%) 233 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)
Low Moderate High Not available Geographical region Africa	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 58 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 82 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 89 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 4 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 233 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)
Americas Asia-Pacific Relapse Peridocity	58 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	82 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	89 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	4 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	233 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)
Low periodicity High periodicity  G6PD categories	58 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	82 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	89 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	4 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	233 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)
(Qualitative test) <30% >=30% Unknown G6PD categories (Quantitative test)	0 (0.00%) 53 (91.38%) 5 (8.62%)	0 (0.00%) 76 (92.68%) 6 (7.32%)	2 (2.25%) 87 (97.75%) 0 (0.00%)	0 (0.00%) 4 (100.00%) 0 (0.00%)	2 (0.86%) 220 (94.42%) 11 (4.72%)
<30% 30-<70% >=70% Unknown	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 58 (100.00%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 82 (100.00%)	2 (2.25%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 87 (97.75%)	0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 4 (100.00%)	2 (0.86%) 0 (0.00%) 0 (0.00%) 231 (99.14%)

#### 2.3 Summary of the haematology outcomes

Table 2 below provides a summary of the outcome experienced within each primaquine treatment arm for participants with G6PD activity  $\geq 30\%$ .

Table 2\_saf: Summary of safety outcomes, categorised by total primaquine category

		Primaquir	ne Treatment		
	No primaquine	Low dose daily primaquine (<0.375 mg/kg/day)	Intermediate dose daily primaquine ( $0.375~\&<0.75$ mg/kg/day)	High dose daily primaquine ( 0.75 mg/kg/day)	Total
Drop in haemoglobin of $>25\%$ AND Hb below 7 g/dL No	58 (100.0 %)	82 (100.0 %)	84 (96.6 %)	4 (100.0 %)	228 (98.7 %)
Yes Missing Drop in haemoglobin of >5 g/dL from baseline between days 1-14	0 (0.0 %) 0 (0%)	0 (0.0 %) 0 (0%)	0 (0.0 %) 3 (3.4%)	0 (0.0 %) 0 (0%)	0 (0.0 %) 3 (1.3%)
No Yes Missing Drop in haemoglobin to <5 g/dL between days 1 and 14	58 (100.0 %) 0 (0.0 %) 0 (0%)	82 (100.0 %) 0 (0.0 %) 0 (0%)	83 (95.4 %) 1 (1.1 %) 3 (3.4%)	4 (100.0 %) 0 (0.0 %) 0 (0%)	227 (98.3 %) 1 (0.4 %) 3 (1.3%)
No	58 (100.0 %)	82 (100.0 %)	84 (96.6 %)	4 (100.0 %)	228~(98.7~%)
Yes Missing Anaemia developed at days 2 or 3	0 (0.0 %) 0 (0%)	0 (0.0 %) 0 (0%)	0 (0.0 %) 3 (3.4%)	0 (0.0 %) 0 (0%)	0 (0.0 %) 3 (1.3%)
Nil (Hb: >=11 g/dL) Mild (Hb: >=8 g/dL & <11 g/dL)	47 (81.0 %) 2 (3.4 %)	66 (80.5 %) 7 (8.5 %)	61 (70.1 %) 8 (9.2 %)	3 (75.0 %) 1 (25.0 %)	177 (76.6 %) 18 (7.8 %)
$\label{eq:moderate} \begin{split} & \text{Moderate (Hb: }>=5 \text{ g/dL \& } < 8 \text{ g/dL)} \\ & \text{Severe (Hb } < 5 \text{ g/dL)} \\ & \text{Missing} \\ & \textbf{Anaemia developed at days 5-7} \end{split}$	0 (0.0 %) 0 (0.0 %) 9 (15.5%)	0 (0.0 %) 0 (0.0 %) 9 (11.0%)	0 (0.0 %) 0 (0.0 %) 18 (20.7%)	0 (0.0 %) 0 (0.0 %) 0 (0%)	0 (0.0 %) 0 (0.0 %) 36 (15.6%)
Nil (Hb: $>=11 \text{ g/dL}$ )	53 (91.4 %)	71 (86.6 %)	56 (64.4 %)	3 (75.0 %)	183 (79.2 %)
$\label{eq:midd} \begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Mild (Hb: }>=8\mbox{ g/dL \& }<11\mbox{ g/dL)} \\ \mbox{Moderate (Hb: }>=5\mbox{ g/dL \& }<8\mbox{ g/dL)} \\ \mbox{Severe (Hb }<5\mbox{ g/dL)} \\ \mbox{Missing} \\ \mbox{Change in haemoglobin on days 2-3} \\ \mbox{from day 0} \end{array}$	0 (0.0 %) 0 (0.0 %) 0 (0.0 %) 5 (8.6%)	3 (3.7 %) 0 (0.0 %) 0 (0.0 %) 8 (9.8%)	3 (3.4 %) 0 (0.0 %) 0 (0.0 %) 28 (32.2%)	0 (0.0 %) 0 (0.0 %) 0 (0.0 %) 1 (25.0%)	6 (2.6 %) 0 (0.0 %) 0 (0.0 %) 42 (18.2%)
Mean (SD) Missing Change in haemoglobin on days 5-7	-0.441 (0.970) 6 (10.3%)	-0.687 (1.04) 5 (6.1%)	-0.428 (1.13) 4 (4.6%)	-0.100 (0.762) 0 (0%)	-0.518 (1.06) 15 (6.5%)
from day 0 Mean (SD) Missing	-0.310 (0.961) 1 (1.7%)	-0.369 (1.08) 4 (4.9%)	-0.0794 (1.10) 19 (21.8%)	0.433 (0.306) 1 (25.0%)	-0.245 (1.05) 25 (10.8%)
Relative percentage (%) change in haemoglobin on days 2-3 from day 0 Mean (SD) Missing Relative percentage (%) change in haemoglobin on days 5-7 from day 0	3.06 (7.34) 6 (10.3%)	4.86 (8.02) 5 (6.1%)	2.71 (8.33) 4 (4.6%)	0.926 (6.58) 0 (0%)	3.53 (7.98) 15 (6.5%)
Mean (SD)	1.91 (7.50)	2.18 (8.29)	0.160 (8.18)	-3.72 (2.64)	1.35 (8.02)
Missing	1 (1.7%)	4 (4.9%)	19 (21.8%)	1~(25.0%)	25~(10.8%)

## 2.4: Change in Haemoglobin (Hb) levels between primaquine treatment groups

The following figure provides the estimated change in haemoglobin from day 0 for different primaquine doses at at day 2/3 and days 5/7, adjusted for baseline haemoglobin, age, sex and day 0 parasitaemia and allowing for clustering by study site, in participants with  $\geq 30\%$  G6PD activity.

Care should be taken when interpreting these results, as model assumptions have not been fully assessed in this automated report format.



Intermediate do<del>se PQ</del>

High dose PQ

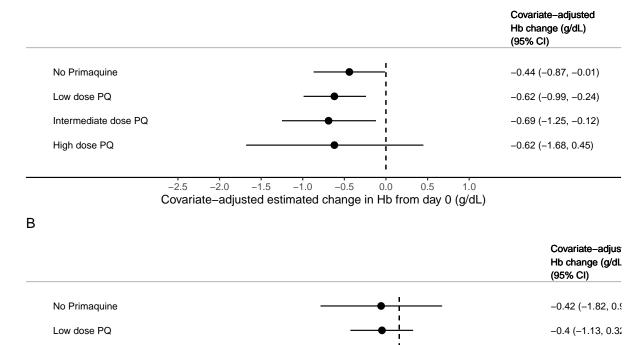


Figure 1\_saf: The covariate-adjusted estimated change in Hb between primaquine daily dose groups on (A) days 2-3 and (B) days 5-7, in patients with  $\geq$  30% G6PD activity.

-6.5 -6.0 -5.5 -5.0 -4.5 -4.0 -3.5 -3.0 -2.5 -2.0 -1.5 -1.0 -0.5 0.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 Covariate-adjusted estimated change in Hb from day 0 (g/dL)

-0.27 (-10.23, 9

0.09 (-0.97, 1.14

#### 3: TOLERABILITY

#### 3.1: Description

This individual patient data meta-analysis was conducted in order to understand the effect of primaquine dose on the gastrointestinal side effects.

Inclusion in the gastrointestinal tolerability meta-analysis was restricted to studies with 28 days or more followup, data from pre-specified symptom questionnaires (symptom checklist), patients with data on vivax parasite count at baseline, patients starting primaquine by day 2, patients not receiving intermittent primaquine (defined as primaquine administered weekly or monthly, rather than daily) and patients with data on daily primaquine dose.

The tolerability study included 203 patients across 3 study sites, from 3 studies.

#### Characteristics of Study Population

Table 1\_tol: Characteristics of the study population for the tolerabilty study analysis, categorised by total primaquine category

		Primaquine	Treatment		
	No primaquine (N=0)	Low dose daily primaquine (<0.375 mg/kg/day) (N=43)	Intermediate dose daily primaquine (>=0.375 & $<0.75$ mg/kg/day) (N=156)	High dose daily primaquine $(>=0.75$ mg/kg/day) $(N=4)$	Total (N=203)
Age (years)	NA				
Mean (SD)	NA	40 (13)	31 (14)	12(2.0)	33 (15)
Age Category	NA	` '	, ,	` '	` /
<5	NA	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
5-<15	NA	0 (0%)	21 (13%)	3 (75%)	24 (12%)
>=15	NA	43 (100%)	135 (87%)	1 (25%)	179 (88%)
Gender	NA				
Male	NA	34 (79%)	104 (67%)	2 (50%)	140 (69%)
Female	NA	9 (21%)	52 (33%)	2(50%)	63 (31%)
Weight (kg)	NA				
Mean (SD)	NA	76 (12)	62 (13)	38 (1.5)	64 (15)
Malnutrition	NA				
No	NA	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Yes	NA	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Missing	NA	43 (100%)	156 (100%)	4 (100%)	203 (100%)
Fever day 0	NA				
No	NA	0 (0%)	4 (3%)	0 (0%)	4 (2%)
Yes	NA	43 (100%)	152 (97%)	4 (100%)	199 (98%)
P. vivax baseline parasitaemia	NA				
Median (IQR)	NA	3368 [1452, 7267])	2710 [1402, 4200])	3565 [2560, 6552])	2828 [1452, 4410])
Haemoglobin day 0 (g/dL)	NA				
Mean (SD)	NA	14(1.7)	13 (1.7)	12 (0.33)	13 (1.7)
PQ daily dose (mg/kg)	NA				
Mean (SD)		3.1(0.44)	3.4(0.39)	3.4(1.3)	3.3(0.44)
Duration of PQ treatment	NA				
7 days		20 (47%)	156 (100%)	4 (100%)	180 (89%)
14 days		23 (53%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	23 (11%)
Method to calculate PQ dose	NA				
Per actual dose		2 (5%)	88 (56%)	4 (100%)	94 (46%)
Per dosing protocol		41 (95%)	68 (44%)	0 (0%)	109 (54%)

	No primaquine (N=0)	Low dose daily primaquine (<0.375 mg/kg/day) (N=43)	Intermediate dose daily primaquine (>=0.375 & $<0.75$ mg/kg/day) (N=156)	High dose daily primaquine (>= $0.75$ mg/kg/day) (N=4)	Total (N=203)
Start day of PQ treatment	NA				
Day 0		20 (47%)	156 (100%)	4 (100%)	180 (89%)
Day 1		23 (53%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	23 (11%)
Day 2		0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Day 3		0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Day 4		0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Day 5		0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Day 6		0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Level of PQ supervision	NA				
Unsupervised		0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Fully supervised		2 (5%)	88 (56%)	4 (100%)	94 (46%)
Was PQ taken with food?	NA				
No		2 (5%)	88 (56%)	4 (100%)	94 (46%)
Yes		23 (53%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	23 (11%)
Recommended		18 (42%)	68 (44%)	0 (0%)	86 (42%)
Other treatment given	NA				
AL	NA	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
AsAq	NA	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
$\mathbb{C}_{\mathbf{q}}$	NA	43 (100%)	156 (100%)	4 (100%)	$203 \ (100\%)$
DP	NA	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Transmission intensity of	NA				
the site Low	NT A	0 (004)	0 (001)	0 (004)	0 (004)
Low Moderate	NA NA	0 (0%)	0 (0%) 0 (0%)	0 (0%) 0 (0%)	0 (0%) 0 (0%)
Moderate High	NA NA	0 (0%) 43 (100%)	156 (100%)	4 (100%)	203 (100%)
Not available	NA NA	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
	NA	0 (0/0)	0 (0/0)	0 (0/0)	0 (070)
Geographical region Africa	NA	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Americas	NA NA	43 (100%)	156 (100%)	4 (100%)	203 (100%)
Asia-Pacific	NA	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Relapse Peridocity	NA	0 (0/0)	0 (0/0)	0 (070)	0 (070)
Low periodicity	NA	43 (100%)	156 (100%)	4 (100%)	203 (100%)
High periodicity	NA	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
G6PD categories	NA	- (***)	- (*/*/	- (4,4)	- (~,~)
(Qualitative test)					
<30%	NA	0 (0%)	2 (1%)	0 (0%)	2 (1%)
>=30%	NA	25 (58%)	86 (55%)	4 (100%)	115(57%)
Missing	NA	18 (41.9%)	68 (43.6%)	0 (0%)	86 (42.4%)
G6PD categories	NA	•	•		
$(Quantitative\ test)$					
<30%	NA	0 (0%)	2 (1%)	0 (0%)	2 (1%)
30-<70%	NA	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
>=70%	NA	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Missing	NA	43 (100%)	154 (98.7%)	4 (100%)	201 (99.0%)

#### 3.3 Summary of the gastrointestinal tolerability outcomes

The primary endpoint for this analysis was a composite indicator including the presence of vomiting or anorexia or diarrhoea on days 5-7 after enrolment.

Secondary endpoints for this analysis were:

a) the presence of vomiting, nausea, a norexia, abdominal pain, diarrhoea or dizziness assessed separately on days  $5\text{-}7^1$  b) the presence of the composite endpoint including vomiting or anorexia or diarrhoea on day 0, days 1-2 and days 5-7, assessed separately

<sup>1</sup>Assessment of nausea, dizziness and abdominal pain was restricted to patients older than 5 years Table 2 provides a summary of the outcome experienced within each Primaquine treatment arm.

Table 2\_tol: Summary of gastrointestinal outcomes, categorised by total primaquine category

		Primaquir	ne Treatment		Total
	No primaquine	Low dose daily primaquine $(<0.375$ mg/kg/day)	Intermediate dose daily primaquine ( 0.375 & <0.75 mg/kg/day)	High dose daily primaquine ( 0.75 mg/kg/day)	
Outcomes include participants of	all ages				
	(N=0)	(N=43)	(N=156)	(N=4)	(N=203)
Composite on day 0					
No	NA	13 (30.2 %)	50 (32.1 %)	3 (75.0 %)	66 (32.5 %)
Yes	NA	30 (69.8 %)	106 (67.9 %)	1 (25.0 %)	137 (67.5 %)
Composite between days 1-2					
No	NA	18 (90.0 %)	74 (48.7 %)	2 (50.0 %)	94 (53.4 %)
Yes	NA	2 (10.0 %)	78 (51.3 %)	2 (50.0 %)	82 (46.6 %)
Missing	NA	23~(53.5%)	4(2.6%)	0 (0%)	27 (13.3%)
Composite between days 5-7					
No	NA	19 (100.0 %)	140 (97.2 %)	4 (100.0 %)	163 (97.6 %)
Yes	NA	0 (0.0 %)	4 (2.8 %)	0 (0.0 %)	4 (2.4 %)
Missing	NA	24 (55.8%)	12 (7.7%)	0 (0%)	36 (17.7%)
Vomiting between days 5-7					
No	NA	17 (100.0 %)	59 (96.7 %)	0 (NaN %)	76 (97.4 %)
Yes	NA	0 (0.0 %)	2 (3.3 %)	0 (NaN %)	2 (2.6 %)
Missing	NA	26 (60.5%)	95 (60.9%)	4 (100%)	125 (61.6%)
Anorexia between days 5-7					
No	NA	2 (100.0 %)	83 (98.8 %)	4 (100.0 %)	89 (98.9 %)
Yes	NA	0 (0.0 %)	1 (1.2 %)	0 (0.0 %)	1 (1.1 %)
Missing	NA	41 (95.3%)	72 (46.2%)	0 (0%)	113 (55.7%)
Diarrhoea between days 5-7		, , ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
No	NA	19 (100.0 %)	142 (98.6 %)	4 (100.0 %)	165 (98.8 %)
Yes	NA	0 (0.0 %)	2 (1.4 %)	0 (0.0 %)	2 (1.2 %)
Missing	NA	24 (55.8%)	12 (7.7%)	0 (0%)	36 (17.7%)
Outcomes restricted to participar	nte >5 voore old	,	` /	,	, ,
Succomes restricted to participal	(N=0)	(N=43)	(N=156)	(N=4)	(N=203)
Nausea between days 5-7*	(11-0)	(11—40)	(11-100)	(11-4)	(11-200)
No	NA	17 (100.0 %)	59 (96.7 %)	0 (NaN %)	76 (97.4 %)
Yes	NA	0 (0.0 %)	2 (3.3 %)	0 (NaN %)	2 (2.6 %)
Missing	NA	26 (60.5%)	95 (60.9%)	4 (100%)	125 (61.6%)
Abdominal pain between days	IVA	20 (00.570)	99 (00.970)	4 (10070)	123 (01.070)
Abdominal pain between days 5-7*					
No	NA	18 (94.7 %)	139 (97.2 %)	4 (100.0 %)	161 (97.0 %)
Yes	NA NA	18 (94.7 %)	4 (2.8 %)	0 (0.0 %)	5 (3.0 %)
Missing	NA NA	24 (55.8%)	4 (2.8 %)	0 (0.0 %)	37 (18.2%)
Dizziness between days 5-7*	IVA	24 (33.070)	13 (0.370)	0 (070)	31 (10.270)
No	NA	2 (100.0 %)	82 (94.3 %)	4 (100.0 %)	88 (94.6 %)
Yes	NA NA	0 (0.0 %)	5 (5.7 %)	0 (0.0 %)	5 (5.4 %)
Missing	NA NA	41 (95.3%)	69 (44.2%)	0 (0.0 %)	110 (54.2%)
iviissiiig	INA	41 (90.070)	03 (44.270)	0 (070)	110 (34.270)

Figure 1\_tol: Distribution of primaquine daily dose by primaquine mg/kg daily dose category. Primaquine daily dose categories: Low: <0.375 mg/kg/day, Int (intermediate):  $\geq 0.375$  mg/kg/day and <0.750 mg/kg/day, and High:  $\geq 0.750$  mg/kg/day

#### 3.4: Risk of gastrointestinal intolerance

The risk of gastrointestinal intolerance on days 5-7 was calculated from the number of patients reporting the composite outcome as a proportion of the total number of patients asked about each of the individual components of the composite; i.e. those asked about vomiting or anorexia or diarrhoea on any day between days 5-7. The 95% confidence intervals (CIs) for the risks were calculated as exact binomial CIs. The risks were stratified by primaquine daily dose categories

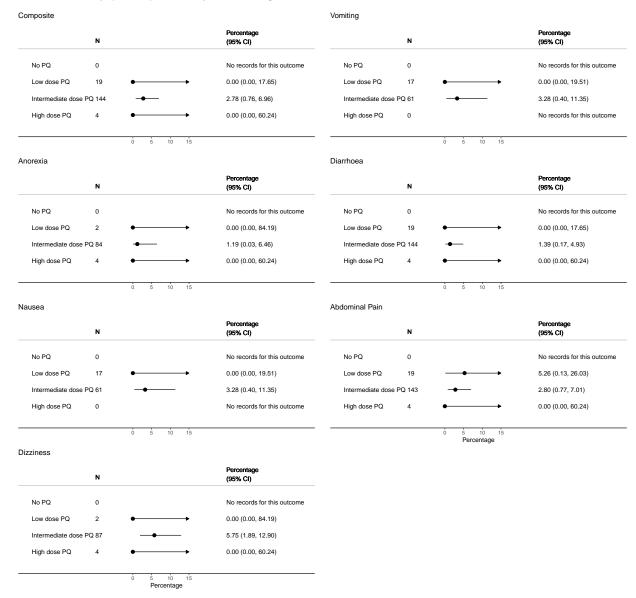


Figure 2\_tol: Risk of gastrointestinal intolerance by symptoms. For each outcome the risk was estimated as the number of individuals experiencing the symptom as a proportion of the number of individuals asked about the symptom on any day between days 5-7. The confidence intervals (CIs) are exact binomial CIs.

# $3.4.1 \colon$ Adjusted association between primaquine daily dose categories and gastrointestinal intolerance days 5-7

Covariate-adjusted estimated proportion of patients with gastrointestinal symptoms on days 5–7 cannot be presented as there were no records for any gastrointestinal intolerances (experienced or not experienced) for the refrence group (no primaquine)

#### 3.4.2: Risk of Acute Vomiting on days 0-2 and 3-13

The unadjusted risk of vomiting within an hour of primaquine administration (acute vomiting) was calculated on days 0-2 and days 3-13 for each primaquine dose group.

Table 3\_tol: Risk of acute vomiting on days 0-2 and 3-13 by primaquine daily dose categories

	Risk of acute vomiting		
Primaquine treatment	Days 0-2	Days 3-13	
Low dose daily primaquine (<0.375 mg/kg/day) Intermediate dose daily primaquine (>=0.375 & <0.75 mg/kg/day) High dose daily primaquine (>=0.75 mg/kg/day)	0/23 (0.0%) 0/0 (NaN%) 0/0 (NaN%)	0/0 (NaN%) 0/0 (NaN%) 0/0 (NaN%)	

Days 0-2			Days 3–13		
	N	Percentage (95% CI)		N	Percentage (95% CI)
Low dose PQ	23 •	0.00 (0.00, 14.82)	Low dose PQ	0	No records for this outcome
Intermediate dose PQ	0	No records for this outcome	Intermediate dose PQ	0	No records for this outcome
High dose PQ	0	No records for this outcome	High dose PQ	0	No records for this outcome
	0.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 Percentage			0.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 Percentage	

Figure 3\_tol: Risk of acute vomiting on days 0-2 and 3-13 by primaquine daily dose categories. The confidence intervals (CIs) are exact binomial CIs.